



Security Council

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Resolution 2 (2018)

**Adopted by the Security Council at its 2nd meeting
on 6 April 2018**

The Security Council,

Guided by the Charter of the United Nations and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the International Covenants on Human Rights, the Convention on the Rights of the Child and other relevant international law and human rights law instruments,

Noting the importance of the role of regional and international organizations in efforts to achieve pacific settlement of local disputes,

Expressing grave concern at the recent reports of serious human rights violations and abuses in Myanmar, in particular in Rakhine State, as well as in Kachin and northern Shan States,

Keeping in mind the lessons learned in the achieving international peace and security in the Asian-pacific region, in particular the Myanmar internal affairs,

Highly alarmed at the outbreak of violence in Rakhine State in August 2017 that has caused hundreds of thousands of Rohingya civilians to flee towards Bangladesh, and which, thus far, has displaced nearly 600,000 Rohingya, with the prospect of even higher numbers of displaced people,

Further alarmed by the disproportionate and sustained use of force by the Myanmar forces against the Rohingya community and others in northern Rakhine State,

Underlining the importance of the Government of Myanmar intensifying efforts to fulfil its human rights obligations, and concerned about the denial of human rights violations by the Government,

Reaffirming the right of all refugees and displaced persons to return home in safety and dignity and in a voluntary and sustainable manner,

1. *Calls* UN member-states for the organization of negotiations under the guidance of the UN between the government of Bangladesh, Myanmar and representatives of Rohingya;

2. *Recommends* UN member-states to recognize Rohingya-disadvantaged group as refugees and provide them with protection under the aegis of UNHCR;

3. *Urges* the government of Myanmar to promote communication and interaction between the Rakhine and Bengali peoples by fostering encounters between representatives of the Rakhine and the Bengali communities in order to help them to find means of peaceful co-existence;

4. *Strongly condemns* any acts of terroristic nature and violent extremism, and further requests Counter-Terrorism committee, in accordance with domestic and international law, to intensify and accelerate the exchange of operational information regarding actions or movements of terrorists or terrorist networks, including foreign terrorist fighters, which may insult the national integrity of Myanmar state, in order to:

a) address the threat posed by foreign terrorist fighters, including by preventing the radicalization to terrorism and recruitment of foreign terrorist fighter;

b) disrupt and prevent financial support to foreign terrorist fighters;

c) to improve international, regional, and subregional cooperation to prevent the travel of foreign terrorist fighters from or through the Myanmar;

d) decrease and further minimize the terroristic attacks within the borders of Myanmar;

5. *Encourages* SC to impose arms embargoes on Myanmar, regarding the armed conflicts in the region.